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# Elia's methodology to determine the required balancing capacity

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THE BELGIAN TRANSMISSION SYSTEM OPERATOR, TAKING INTO ACCOUNT THE FOLLOWING,

**Whereas**

- (1) Article 213(1) of the Code of conduct (defined by CREG by decision B2409 of October 20, 2022) specifies that the transmission system operator shall submit, after a public consultation, a proposal for approval (hereafter referred to as “LFC Means”) containing the methodology to determine for each of the balancing services, the balancing capacity that has to be reserved within the LFC block of Elia.
- (2) The methodology in the proposal shall be based on an analysis of the optimal provision as specified in Article 32(1) of Commission Regulation (EU)2017/2195 of 23 November 2017 establishing a guideline on electricity balancing (hereafter referred to as “EBGL”).
- (3) The balancing capacity for FCR to be reserved by Elia Transmission Belgium (hereafter referred to as “Elia”) is determined by all Transmission System Operators (hereafter referred to as “TSOs”) of the synchronous zone in application of the provisions of Article 153 of the European guidelines SOGL and specified in the Synchronous Area Operational Agreement (hereafter referred to as SAOA).
- (4) The LFCBOA referred to in Article 6(3)e determines the methodology to determine the needs for reserve capacity other than FCR. It is developed by the Transmission System Operator of the LFC block in accordance with Article 119 of the SOGL. The LFCBOA is submitted by Elia for approval in accordance with Articles 6(3)e and 119(2) of the SOGL.
- (5) Pursuant Article 32(1) of the EBGL, each TSO shall perform an analysis on optimal provision of reserve capacity aiming at minimization of costs associated with the provision of reserve capacity. This analysis shall take into account the following options for the provisions of reserve capacity:
  - a. procurement of balancing capacity within control area and exchange of balancing capacity with neighboring TSOs, when applicable;
  - b. sharing of reserves, when applicable;
  - c. the volume of non-contracted balancing energy bids which are expected to be available both within their control area and within the European platforms taking into account the available cross-zonal capacity.
- (6) Elia consulted the stakeholders on the draft proposal in accordance with Article 10 of the EBGL. ~~This consultation has taken place from September 20, 2022 until October 11, 2022.~~

SUBMITS THE FOLLOWING PROPOSAL FOR APPROVAL TO THE CREG:

## **TITLE 1 Introduction**

1. Pursuant to Article 213(1) of the Code of conduct, this document (hereafter referred to as “LFC Means”) is a proposal developed by Elia regarding the methodology for determining the volumes of balancing capacity for aFRR and mFRR for the Elia LFC block. The determination of the volumes of balancing capacity takes into account the volume of reserve sharing and non-contracted balancing energy bids.
2. Where possible, the volumes of different types of balancing services are calculated and proposed based on the above-mentioned methodology.

## **TITLE 2 General Provisions**

### **Article 1. Objective**

1. By determining the balancing capacity to be reserved, the LFC Means contributes to the general objectives as defined in Article 3 of the EBGL:
  - a. fostering effective competition, non-discrimination and transparency in balancing markets;
  - b. enhancing efficiency of balancing as well as efficiency of European and national balancing markets;
  - c. integrating balancing markets and promoting the possibilities for exchanges of balancing services while contributing to operational security;
  - d. contributing to the efficient long-term operation and development of the electricity transmission system and electricity sector in the Union while facilitating the efficient and consistent functioning of day-ahead, intraday and balancing markets;
  - e. ensuring that the procurement of balancing services is fair, objective, transparent and market-based, avoids undue barriers to entry for new entrants, fosters the liquidity of balancing markets while preventing undue distortions within the internal market in electricity;
  - f. facilitating the participation of demand response including aggregation facilities and energy storage while ensuring they compete with other balancing services at a level playing field and, where necessary, act independently when serving a single demand facility;
  - g. facilitating the participation of renewable energy sources and support the achievement of the European Union target for the penetration of renewable generation.

## Article 2. Definitions and interpretations

1. For the purposes of this LFC Means, the terms used have the meaning of the definitions included in Article 3 of the SOGL and in Article 2 of the EBGL.
2. All references to other legislation is explicitly defined. All articles without explicit reference to other legislation concern articles in this LFC Means.
3. “mFRR Standard” is defined as the mFRR Capacity Product characterized by an unlimited activation time and no neutralization time, as specified in the Terms and Conditions for balancing service providers for manual Frequency Restoration Reserve (mFRR), hereafter referred to as “T&C BSP mFRR”.
4. “mFRR Flex” is defined as the mFRR Capacity Product characterized by a limited activation time and a neutralization time between two successive activations, as specified in the T&C BSP mFRR.

## TITLE 3 Methodology

### Article 3. Dimensioning of the reserve capacity for aFRR and mFRR

1. Elia determines the value for positive and negative reserve capacity for aFRR and mFRR needs following the methodologies specified in Article 8 and Article 9 of the LFCBOA:
  - a. Until October 1, 2024, Elia determines ~~the a fixed 'static' value for the~~ positive and negative aFRR needs based on the dimensioning methodology as specified in the ~~last approved~~ version of the LFCBOA approved on December 22 July 14, 2022.
  - b. As from October 1, 2024, Elia determines a 'dynamic' value for the positive and negative aFRR needs for each period of 24 hours for the next day based on the dynamic dimensioning methodology as specified in the last approved version of the LFCBOA. These values remain fixed for each of the 6 periods of 4 hours.
  - a.—
  - b.c. Elia determines for each of the 6 periods of 4 hours a value for positive and a value for negative mFRR needs for the next day based on the dynamic dimensioning methodology as specified in the last approved version of the LFCBOA.

### Article 4. Sharing of reserves

1. In line with Article 32(1) of the EBGL and Article 10 of the LFCBOA, Elia takes into account the sharing of reserve capacity with neighbouring TSOs in the dimensioning of its balancing capacity. This only concerns sharing agreements on mFRR with other TSOs as Elia does not have sharing agreements on aFRR with other TSOs.
2. Elia disposes of reserve sharing agreements on mFRR with RTE, TENNET, AMPRION and NGESO that facilitate the sharing of mFRR with neighbouring TSOs. Each of these

agreements is foreseen to be operational in 2021 and will facilitate a positive and negative shared capacity of 350 MW.

3. The maximum shared volume for positive reserve on mFRR that can be taken into account is calculated pursuant Article 10(1) of the LFCBOA.
4. The maximum shared volume for negative reserve on mFRR that can be taken into account in the dimensioning is calculated pursuant Article 10(2) of the LFCBOA.
5. Pursuant to Article 10(3) of the LFCBOA, Elia takes into account restrictions on operational security limits and the availability requirements of the mFRR sharing service :
  - a. these reserves can only be activated under exceptional conditions described in the operational agreements governing the sharing of the mFRR reserve to maintain the balance in the LFC block for a limited number of hours and thus cover part of the mFRR needs. They are generally activated after using all the other available balancing means (the non-contracted balancing energy bids and the balancing capacity);
  - b. these reserves are never guaranteed as the availability of cross-border capacity is not ensured and are therefore subject to the operational availability of interconnection capacity at borders, network operating safety limits (internal network congestions) and reserve sharing service availability, as specified in the agreements with other TSOs governing mFRR sharing.
6. Following Article 4(5), considering a 99th percentile criteria for determining the reserve capacity needs on the probability distribution of the potential positive and negative LFC block imbalances, as specified in Article 8(2) of the last approved version of the LFCBOA, considering an analysis of the historic availability of remaining transmission capacity after the intraday timeframe, and in order to limit the planned activations as the activation of the sharing reserves must remain an exceptional measure, Elia determines:
  - a. the positive sharing capacity included in the dimensioning to 250 MW;
  - b. the negative sharing capacity included in the dimensioning to 350 MW.
7. ~~From November 1, 2022 until March 31, 2023,~~ Elia may temporarily reduce the contribution of the positive shared capacity, included in the dimensioning as specified in Article 4(6), to 0 MW when receiving from the relevant regional coordination centre a communication on a "Critical Grid Situation" concerning an adequacy issue in one or more countries with which Elia has a sharing agreement.
  - a. As from D-3 (day D being the delivery date), and until the publication of the positive balancing capacity to be procured following Article 6(5),
    - i. Elia will inform the market (via its inside information platform, Elia Group IIP) about the reduction of the contribution of the positive sharing capacity to 0 MW as soon as reasonably possible after receiving the critical grid situation.
    - ii. Elia will update the decision to reduce the contribution of the positive sharing capacity to 0 MW following new information received on the "Critical Grid Situation".

~~Elia can update the information to reduce the contribution of the positive sharing capacity to 0 MW.~~

~~d.b.~~ Elia will limit the contribution of the positive sharing capacity to 0 MW for one or more CCTUs of day D related to the periods identified as being at risk.

~~e.c.~~ Elia will provide the communications received from the regional coordination centre to the CREG as soon as reasonably possible after receiving the “Critical Grid Situation”.

~~f.d.~~ Elia will yearly report to the CREG on the availability of the shared volumes with neighbouring countries during periods related to a “Critical Grid Situation” ~~CGS~~ for the past period, at the latest one month after March 31, ~~2023~~.

## Article 5. Non-contracted balancing energy bids

1. Elia determines the volume of non-contracted balancing energy bids that can be taken into account to cover the required reserve capacity for FRR based on an analysis of the historical availability of these non-contracted balancing energy bids for aFRR and mFRR for a period of two years (from July 1, 2018 to June 30, 2020).
2. Elia has currently no mechanisms for the exchange of non-contracted balancing energy bids for aFRR or mFRR within the European platforms.
3. Elia determines the availability of all non-contracted balancing energy bids for aFRR. It is found that this availability does not exceed 61% (incremental bids) or 20% (decremental bids) of the observed quarter-hours.
4. Elia determines the availability of all non-contracted balancing energy bids for mFRR. Elia will only take into account non-contracted balancing energy bids for mFRR in the dimensioning if the volume of non-contracted balancing energy bids for mFRR can, together with the volume of reserve sharing for mFRR, entirely cover the entire mFRR needs.
5. The calculation of the available volume of non-contracted balancing energy bids for mFRR is based on the sum of different types of positive and negative non-contracted balancing energy bids per category for each quarter-hour of the data referred to in Article 5(1). This calculation :
  - a. includes all incremental and decremental bids of non-contracted balancing energy bids on ‘coordinable’ thermal units and ‘bidladder’:
    - i. ‘coordinable’ refers to characteristic of a Delivery Point  $DP_{SU}$  which is technically capable of modifying its power injection on the Elia Grid upon request by Elia, within 15 minutes;
    - ii. ‘bidladder’ refers to non-contracted balancing energy bids on delivery points without bidding obligation as specified in Article 242 of the Code of conduct;
  - b. includes all bids from pump storage units :

- i. incremental bids only during morning (04h00– 08h00) due to energy constraints;
  - ii. decremental bids except during morning (04h00– 08h00) due to energy constraints.
6. The calculation of the available volume of non-contracted balancing energy bids is complemented with the available FRR sharing capacity through the available interconnection capacity (ATC) after intra-day for the same time period. This remaining interconnection capacity is limited to :
  - a. the shared capacity per border as specified in Article 4(2);
  - b. the positive and negative shared capacity as specified in Article 4(6).

The analysis of the availability of non-contracted mFRR balancing energy bids, complemented with the available FRR sharing capacity, shows that:

- a. no significant positive capacity is available on top of the positive sharing capacity specified in Article 4(6);
- b. substantial negative capacity of 800 MW - 900 MW is expected to be available for respectively 95% - 94% of the time and this level of availability is expected to further increase.

## **Article 6. Balancing Capacity**

1. As specified in Article 4(1), Elia does not dispose of reserve sharing for aFRR. As specified in Article 5(2), non-contracted balancing energy bids for aFRR do not have sufficient availability to cover part of the required reserve capacity for aFRR. Therefore, the volume of aFRR balancing capacity is determined equal to the value of required reserve capacity following Article 3(1)a. The procurement process and product requirements are specified in the T&C BSP aFRR.
2. Elia will cover the positive reserve capacity for mFRR specified in Article 3(1)b, after taking into account reserve sharing and non-contracted balancing energy bids as specified in Article 4 and Article 5, for a volume mFRR balancing capacity equal to the value of required remaining reserve capacity. The procurement process and product requirements are specified in the T&C BSP mFRR..
3. Elia has currently no mechanisms for the exchange of balancing capacity for aFRR or mFRR with neighboring TSOs.
4. Elia will cover the balancing capacity for mFRR with a capacity of mFRR Standard determined by the minimum of a threshold determined at 640 MW and the required mFRR balancing capacity. The remaining required positive reserve capacity, if positive, is procured by means of the products mFRR Standard and mFRR Flex.
5. The positive balancing capacity on mFRR to be procured is published each day before 7 AM for every period of 4 hours of the next day and notified according to the NRA following Article 213(2) of the Code of conduct.



6. Elia will not procure any negative mFRR balancing capacity since the required negative reserve capacity for mFRR is expected to be covered by available reserve sharing and available non-contracted balancing energy bids as specified in Article 3 with an acceptable probability.
7. Elia will carry out a yearly ex-post analysis in the first quarter of each year based on historical data from the precedent year on and assess whether the positive and negative FRR needs have been sufficiently covered by the resources available. For the purposes of this analysis, Elia will compare the results of the positive and negative FRR needs based on the methodology in the LFCBOA and compare this with the available resources of aFRR (contracted aFRR balancing capacity) and mFRR (non-contracted balancing energy offers and sharing of FRR reserves).

## **TITLE 4 Final Provisions**

### **Article 7. Timing for implementation**

1. The LFC Means enters into force after being approved by the CREG.
  - a. The ~~modifications in Article 3 LFC Means does do~~ not enter into force before ~~October 30, 2022~~ October 1, 2024, ~~with the entry into force of the new aFRR dimensioning methodology approved in the LFCBOA.~~
  - ~~1.b. the date of calculation to determine the balancing capacity for November 1, 2022.~~ The modification in Article 4(7) do not enter into force before November 1, 2023.

### **Article 8. Language**

1. This document is published in English, Dutch and French. In case of discussion on interpretation of the methodologies presented in the LFC Means, the French and Dutch version prevail over the English version.